

# 'GREEN' Grain Project collaborative supply-chain

### research



The Scotch Whisky Association United Kingdom 2005 > 2010 #ResourceEfficiency #SustainableAgriculture



## Objective

Find the best wheat varieties for Scotch whisky production while reducing energy use and emission of Nitrogen.

## Description

The project studied the genetics, physiology and agronomy of wheat to produce a new wheat type with a high energy grain suited to both distilling and livestock feeding with low Nitrogen fertilizer requirements.

#### Partners

Scotch Whisky Research Institute UK Government Scottish crop research institute ADAS FOSS Wessex grain Syngenta Green Spirit Fuels Nottingham University HGCA Grampian Country Foods

#### Results

Key learnings:

- 1. It is possible to use currently available wheat varieties, with no toned for novel developments, to produce a variety needing 40% less Nitrogen application.
- 2. A reduction in fertiliser use limits the potential for run-off into water courses and high nitrate levels in groundwater. This would result in a reduction in greenhouse gas emissions of 33%. This represents the large amounts of energy required to make and transport fertilisers which make a significant contribution to the carbon footprint of the wheat supply chain.
- 3. The benefits would be financial as well as environmental, with improved alcohol yields and lower input costs.

## Website

http://www.scotch-whisky.org.uk/news-publications/publications/documents/casestudy-green-grain

## Downloads

#### Photo gallery



Documents

green\_case\_study.pdf (pdf - 0.12 Mo)